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Chairman's Letter

Dear Fellow Shareholders.

2016 was a period of adaptation and change for Ambition Group Limited. During a year with the highest level of political uncertainty in recent memory, resulting in fluctuating employer confidence and uncertainty from time to time in our markets, we implemented a program of transforming our operations that should lead to strong future growth in revenue, net fee income and shareholder returns.

Financial Snapshot for 2016:

- Revenue grew to \$115.2m from \$107.2m
- Net fee income decreased to \$42.9m from \$45.9m
- EBITDA decreased to \$1.7m from \$2.4m
- Profit before tax decreased to \$0.2m from \$1.7m
- Profit after tax decreased to \$0.3m from \$1.0m
- Total income attributable to owners of the parent decreased to \$0.7m from \$1.1m*
- Cash at year-end was \$4.5m and the balance sheet contains zero debt and no goodwill

^{*}Accounting for the outside shareholders interest in Ambition Group Malaysia Sdn Bhd

Chairman's Letter (cont.)

Inch wide, mile deep:

Our over-arching strategy remains the same. We are pursuing a small number of white-collar disciplines across our office network in Australia, Asia and the UK.

We are striving to have deep knowledge in the segments in which we operate so that we can deliver to clients fast, effective service and advice. Just as importantly, we are able to provide expert guidance to candidates as well as, of course, introducing them to relevant career opportunities.

Enabled by the correct technology, the role of the skilful, specialised 'broker' remains highly relevant.

Fine tuning our investments:

Malaysia: We feel Malaysia has considerable promise for us and so we are continuing to invest in this operation.

As the country pushes forward with Vision 2020, its aspiration to join the league of developed nations, there are many exciting opportunities for focused recruitment firms.

Ambition has been awarded MSC Malaysia status through MDEC (Malaysia Digital Economy Corporation), for our contribution to knowledge transfer in the IT sector via the organisations we recruit for, as well as the professionals we help with their careers – finding them new roles, including enabling us to obtain Malaysian visas for certain types of candidates coming to undertake highly specialised projects.

MDEC status will also enable us to offer payrolling services to clients and statement of works (SOW) arrangements.

Japan: In Tokyo, whilst the size of the market is enticing, the mechanics of recruitment in Japan are extremely slow-moving and we were finding progress was not at the pace we required.

Furthermore, as we were working with multinational companies in Japan, even when we were a more mature, successful player, our office would have been a stand-alone entity within Ambition unable to provide cross-fertilisation to other parts of the group in the same way that exists with Hong Kong, Singapore and Kuala Lumpur.

Therefore, we took the decision to close our on-the-ground operations there, although we do occasionally service a Tokyo client from overseas. In doing so, we incurred some restructuring costs as noted in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

London: In June when the UK made the surprise vote in favour of the Brexit referendum, the recruitment market immediately turned down. The shock was not the same as at the time of the global financial crisis but the banking/finance sector in particular was clearly going to, at best, experience inertia for some time.

We therefore closed our Banking & Finance Division, deciding to concentrate 100% of our resources on professional services, the sector where we have our strongest brand and expertise.

We now recruit for law firms, accounting firms, management consultancies and property companies. Ambition is recognised as a top calibre operator in this sector, with a high level of repeat business.

Producing an increase in profit over 2015 from London is testament to the benefits of 'inch wide, mile deep.'

Australia: There are two main initiatives underway in our Australian business.

We are in the process of restructuring our client-facing roles so that staff will be primarily engaged in either a business development function or a talent attraction/assignment execution role. Not only will this increase the ability of our people to play to their innate strengths, it will also significantly enhance the sophistication of our candidate attraction for clients and streamline our delivery model.

Secondly, we are growing our contracting/temporary revenue and introducing more services in contractor management and payrolling. These business lines fit well with our permanent recruitment offering and boost the certainty of our revenue.

Chairman's Letter (cont.)

Infrastructure and innovation:

During the year, we completed our first Innovation Program. We invited all our staff to utilise some software to submit ideas on how we could increase our revenue or streamline processes. From over 45 applications, we had 4 finalists who came to Sydney to present and we have (at least) one innovation that we will be bringing to market during 2017.

We also completed two major internal technology projects, including successfully implementing the Bullhorn staffing and recruiting software in our largest business, Australia. We will roll this out across the Group during 2017. We anticipate this software will allow us to respond to clients more quickly and accurately and also substantially increase internal collaboration.

Predictable annuity revenue:

Worldwide, more and more employers are seeing the benefits of the contingent workforce. This is a tremendous opportunity for Ambition to utilise our talent sourcing capabilities and back-office infrastructure to provide solutions to our clients.

Temporary, contract and interim management recruitment is presently the largest source of revenue in this category for Ambition. Placements range from office support through to the C-suite and assignments vary from 1 day to 2 years or more.

We are also providing payrolling/contractor management services to clients in Australia and overseas and this is seen as a strong growth opportunity.

Around 74% of top line revenue comes from these two business lines.

2017 catchcry - 'Make an Impact':

The focus this year is for every one of our team, every day, in every aspect of our work to 'Make an Impact'.

We place over 3,000 people each in year in to new positions. We welcome to our offices over 9,800 candidates. We advise thousands of employers on recruitment strategies. We work in teams amongst ourselves.

We have a wonderful opportunity to help our stakeholders, make Ambition a great place to work and continue to provide a return to shareholders.

On this topic, the Board and I would like to extend a heartfelt "thank you" to all of our staff – whether they are working in Ambition, AccountAbility or Watermark Search, 2016 was another year of hard work, great ideas and successful execution.

Nick Waterworth

Co-Founder & Executive Chairman

Corporate Governance Statement

Compliance with ASX Good Practice Recommendations

Ambition is committed to ensuring that its policies and practices reflect a high standard of corporate governance. The Board has adopted a comprehensive framework of Corporate Governance Guidelines, designed to balance performance and compliance. Throughout the 2016 financial year, Ambition's governance arrangements were consistent with the Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (3rd edition) published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council, except as disclosed below.

The Board and management of Ambition recognise the benefits of independence and support the ASX guidelines in this regard. During the year an additional independent non-executive director with extensive commercial experience, deep consulting skills and many years of working in Asia was appointed.

The ASX definition of a substantial shareholder is used for the purpose of this statement.

Board composition and charter

At the balance sheet date, the Board comprised three Non-Executive Directors, and the Executive Chairman as follows:

Nick Waterworth (Executive Chairman)

Paul Young

Cathy Doyle

Richard Petty

Mr. Nick Waterworth is the Executive Chairman and is also a major shareholder in the Company. Given the depth of his company experience and industry standing, he is considered to be excellently placed to serve as Executive Chairman, notwithstanding that pursuant to the ASX recommendation he is not considered as an "independent" Chairman. The Deputy Chairman, Paul Young, is an independent Director, other than he has a greater than 5% shareholding. The Non-Executive Directors will meet as necessary without the Executive Chairman present. For these reasons the ASX recommendation for an independent Chairman has not been adopted.

The Constitution of Ambition provides that the Board may comprise a minimum of three Directors and a maximum of ten Directors. The Board shall comprise Directors with broad skills and experience that will add value to the integrity and decision-making effectiveness of the Board.

The Chair is elected by the Directors.

Responsibilities of the Board, either directly or through its committees, include:

- Setting the strategic direction
- Overseeing and directing the Consolidated Group on behalf of shareholders
- Appointing and removing key executive officers
- Approving operating and capital budgets
- Providing overall policy guidance and ensuring policies and procedures for corporate governance and risk
 management are in place and the business is in compliance with regulatory obligations and ethical standards
- Monitoring senior management performance
- Reviewing and approving key executive remuneration
- Monitoring the financial performance of the Consolidated Group

Corporate Governance Statement (cont.)

The Board has established the following committees:

- Audit and Risk Committee
- Remuneration, Human Resources and Nominations Committee

Responsibility for the day-to-day management of the Consolidated Group is delegated by the Board to the Executive Chairman assisted by the management team. The Executive Chairman manages the Consolidated Group in accordance with the strategy, plans and delegations approved by the Board.

Directors are expected to comply with their legal, statutory and equitable duties and obligations when discharging their responsibilities as Directors. This includes acting in good faith and with due care and diligence.

Directors must avoid conflicts of interest wherever possible. They must disclose to the Board any actual or potential conflicts of interest and take reasonable measures to resolve such conflicts.

Directors may access such information and seek such independent advice as they individually or collectively consider necessary to fulfil their responsibilities and permit independent judgement in decision-making.

At every Annual General Meeting, one-third of the Directors must retire and are eligible to offer themselves for reelection. The Directors to retire are the longest in office since last being elected or re-elected. The Chairman reviews the performance of the Board annually. The evaluation includes the Board's role, its processes and committees and performance.

The Board may meet in person or otherwise for the dispatch of business and may regulate their meetings as they see fit. Meetings of the Board occur approximately every month and proceedings are in accordance with the rules of the Constitution of the Company.

The Non-Executive Directors meet a number of times during the year independently of the Executive Chairman.

Remuneration, Human Resources and Nominations Committee

The Remuneration, Human Resources and Nominations Committee currently consists of three Non-Executive Directors, Cathy Doyle, Richard Petty and Paul Young. The Chairman, Cathy Doyle, is not the Chairman of the Board. The responsibilities of the Committee include a review of and recommendation to the Board on:

- Remuneration and Incentive Policies for Executive Directors
- Remuneration and Incentive Policies for Senior Management (including KMP)
- The Consolidated Group's Recruitment, Retention and Termination Policies and Procedures for Senior Management
- Incentive Schemes for employees
- The Remuneration framework for Non-Executive Directors

The Committee meets at least twice a year or as otherwise required. The meeting is minuted and the minutes tabled at the next convenient Board meeting.

Remuneration policies

The Remuneration, Human Resources and Nominations Committee has developed a policy for Senior Management (including executive KMP) after consultation with an independent remuneration consultant Crichton & Associates Pty Ltd. The policy provides for the payment of a base remuneration, including superannuation and non-cash benefits, plus a short-term and long-term performance incentive for executives. The short-term performance incentive is based on a number of factors but primarily on the profitability of the divisions for which Senior Management are directly responsible. Any performance incentive is paid annually up to a maximum level after completion of the annual external audit of the Consolidated Group's accounts, with any excess over the maximum paid in the following year. The long-term performance incentive is based on service and performance criteria under the Ambition Employee Share Incentive Plan. The level of remuneration is set to ensure the Consolidated Group is able to attract and retain employees of a high calibre.

Corporate Governance Statement (cont.)

There are no schemes for retirement benefits other than statutory superannuation.

A detailed review of KMP and Senior Management policies and structures is contained in the Remuneration Report.

Audit and Risk Committee

The committee currently consists of the three Non-Executive Directors, Cathy Doyle, Richard Petty and Paul Young. All members are financially literate, with two members having professional financial expertise. The Chairman, Paul Young, is not the Chairman of the Board. The roles and responsibilities of the Audit and Risk Committee include:

- Providing a link between the external auditors and the Board
- Reviewing the performance and independence of the external auditors
- Assessing information from external auditors that may affect the quality of the financial reports
- Reviewing the integrity of the consolidated group's financial reports with management, advisors and auditors as appropriate
- Recommending for adoption by the Board the interim and final financial reports and the annual report
- Reviewing accounting policies adopted or any changes made or contemplated
- Reviewing procedures in place to ensure compliance with laws and regulations
- Reviewing procedures in place to verify the accuracy and effectiveness of accounting and financial systems and other systems of internal control and business risk management
- Recommending to the Board the terms and conditions of engagement for the external auditor
- Approving the scope of the external audit for Board approval
- Approving all non-audit services provided by the external auditors
- Report to the Board on all matters that are relevant to the Committee's roles and responsibilities

The Committee has the right to conduct or authorise investigations into any matter within the scope of its responsibilities.

The Committee shall meet at least twice yearly. Key executives of the Company may attend the meetings by invitation. The Consolidated Group's Company Secretary is the secretary of the Committee. The meetings are minuted and the minutes tabled at the next convenient Board meeting.

Code of Conduct

Ambition aims to maintain a high standard of ethical business behaviour in its dealings with clients and candidates, suppliers and with its employees. The Board has established a Code of Conduct, which sets the standards of behaviour expected of all the Consolidated Group's employees.

Continuous disclosure

Ambition's shares are listed on the ASX and the Company is subject to the Listing Rules of the ASX. The rules relating to continuous disclosure obligations are dealt with in Chapter 3 of the ASX Listing Rules.

Where the Directors become aware of any information concerning the Consolidated Group that might reasonably be expected to have an impact on the price or value of our shares, then the Directors will immediately give that information to the ASX.

Corporate Governance Statement (cont.)

Share trading

Employees of Ambition may only trade the Consolidated Group's shares during open periods. These periods are advised by the Consolidated Group's Company Secretary or Executive Chairman and generally include the 28 days immediately following:

- release to the ASX of the Consolidated Group's annual result
- release to the ASX of the Consolidated Group's half-year result
- the Consolidated Group's Annual General Meeting
- any other time the Board considers the market to be fully informed about the Consolidated Group's operations.

Shareholder communication

The Executive Chairman is responsible for communication with significant stakeholders, analysts and the business community in general. The Consolidated Group's Company Secretary is responsible for communication with the ASX and other regulatory bodies.

Ambition's primary source of communication is through its websites, which contain details of Company announcements, financial reports, and notices to shareholders.

Ambition's share registry is maintained by Computershare Investor Services. Investors may access information relating to their investment by registering on the Computershare website.

Recognise and manage risk

Management has assessed the material business risks as being data protection and brand reputation and have policies in place for the management of these risks. The Board has received assurances from the Executive Chairman and management regarding the effectiveness of the mitigation and control of both material business risks and financial reporting risks.

Diversity

Ambition is a company that prides itself on the diversity of its workforce. The Company is made up from individuals with various skills, backgrounds and experiences. Ambition is extremely proud of its multicultural team with employees from over 14 countries. In order to attract and retain a diverse and highly skilled workforce, Ambition is dedicated to providing a workplace in which all employees are treated equally and with respect. The Group recognises that diversity includes, but is not limited to, gender, age, ethnicity and cultural background.

Ambition is committed to fostering gender diversity in its workforce. The following table shows the split of genders throughout the Group as at the balance sheet date.

	Male	Female	Total
Board	3	1	4
Other Key Management Personnel	1	0	1
Manager	33	33	66
All other staff	64	119	183
	101	153	254

Ambition believes in employing the right person for the right job, regardless of gender. Rather than setting specific targets, Ambition has a workplace that is fair to all employees. Ambition has also recently created a new division known as Gender Diversity to provide a core focus on an area of recruitment that is growing in both awareness and need.

Directors' Report

The Directors of Ambition Group Limited ("the Company "or "Ambition") present their report on the Company and its controlled entities ("the Consolidated Group") for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Directors

The names of Directors in office at any time during or since the end of the year are:

Nick Waterworth (Executive Chairman)

Paul Young

Cathy Doyle

Richard Petty

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Consolidated Group during the year was permanent and contracting recruitment in the areas of accounting, banking and finance, information technology, sales and marketing, and executive search.

Consolidated Group operating results

The consolidated profit of the Consolidated Group before income tax amounted to \$206,552 (2015: \$1,657,610). The consolidated profit of the Consolidated Group after income tax amounted to \$351,725 (2015: 1,005,959).

Operational review

Ambition was established in 1999 and listed on the Australian Securities Exchange at that time (ASX: AMB)

We undertake permanent, contracting and interim recruitment, as well as providing contractor management and payrolling services via three brands:

- Ambition
- AccountAbility
- Watermark Search

The latter two brands only operate in Australia.

Ambition employs 254 staff through offices in Australia, Hong Kong, Singapore, Kuala Lumpur and London.

	Australia	Asia	United Kingdom	Total
Revenue contribution (\$'000)	\$84,933	\$20,868	\$9,470	\$115,271
Offices	5	3	1	9
Employees	109	114	31	254

Financial review

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenue (\$'000)	87,427	82,930	89,487	107,243	115,271
Net Fee Income (\$'000)	39,084	37,440	39,913	45,994	42,956
EBITDA ¹ before Restructuring costs (\$'000)	1,207	127	1,693	2,429	1,683
EBITDA ¹ after Restructuring costs (\$'000)	1,207	(614)	809	2,429	1,126
EBIT ² (\$'000)	171	(1,530)	14	1,664	231
Profit / (loss) before tax (\$'000)	306	(1,457)	34	1,658	207
Net Profit / (loss) after tax (\$'000)	69	(1,434)	(144)	1,006	352
Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the parent (\$'000)	93	(673)	83	1,121	705

¹ Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA)

2016 was a year with a high level of political uncertainty both in Australia and internationally – and clearly uncertainty is not a positive catalyst for employer confidence and therefore hiring.

We spent the year fine-tuning our investments and operational approach to position the Group for a positive period of future growth.

Revenue for the year increased by 7.4% from \$107.2m last year to \$115.2m with growth coming from Australia (up 9.8%) and Asia (up 16.2%) offset by a decrease in the UK (down 20.6%). Net fee income decreased by 6.6% from \$46m to \$43m.

EBITDA (Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation) before restructuring costs fell by \$0.7m to \$1.7m.

The Australian operations produced a profit before tax of \$2.2m. The Asian operations posted a loss of \$0.7m, and the UK operations delivered an improved performance to post a small profit of \$0.4m following last year's profit of \$0.3m.

² Earnings before interest and tax (EBIT).

Operating cash flow and gearing

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Operating cash flow \$'000	(354)	(1,051)	156	2,429	(780)
Net cash \$'000	6,457	5,225	5,222	6,534	4,474

Cash flow from operating activities was an outflow of \$0.8m (2015: inflow of \$2.4m) largely reflecting the results for the year, the effect of a dividend paid to the shareholders in the first half of the year and working capital requirements relating to an increase in the level of contractor and temporary placements. A positive net cash position was maintained for most of the year, with fluctuations in cash from working capital requirements managed.

Review of net assets

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Net assets \$'000	12,130	11,503	11,728	13,204	13,013
Net tangible assets 1 \$'000	11,764	11,113	11,439	12,739	12,595

¹Calculated as net assets minus intangible assets such as computer software and web development.

At 31 December 2016, Ambition had net assets of \$13.0m (2015: \$13.2m) and net tangible assets of \$12.6m (2015: \$12.7m). During the year, the Group paid a dividend of \$0.7m. The only other movement was the effect of the profit for the year offset by negative foreign currency translation reserve movements of \$0.1m and the recognition of share based payments of \$0.2m.

Key Business Strategies and Risks

Inch wide, mile deep

We operate in a small number of white-collar disciplines in major business hubs in Australia, Asia and the UK.

This enables us to develop significant talent pools in our core segments and be able to respond to client requirements quickly and efficiently. Our key disciplines are: information technology; accounting/banking/finance; marketing/sales; supply chain; business support; senior executive search/interim management.

Balanced and Sustainable Revenue

Alongside our traditionally strong permanent placement offering (which is profitable and highly cash generative), we are growing annuity-style revenue through contracting and interim recruitment, as well as contractor management/payrolling services.

These two fit extremely well together when servicing clients and our ultimate aim is to have the annuity revenue cover our fixed overheads.

Make an Impact

Our sector is extremely fragmented, meaning clients and candidates have a multitude of choices.

We have adopted a catchcry for 2017 of 'Make an Impact'.

With every interaction with a stakeholder, or with each other, we are striving to add-value, leave a positive impression, make a difference to people's lives as they change jobs.

We're striving to Make an Impact.

Business cyclicality

Our revenue has a close tie to business confidence and the general condition of the global economy. We prosper most when demand from employers exceeds the available supply of high quality talent. Equally, in downturns the recruitment industry is adversely affected.

Future developments, prospects and business strategies

Further information about likely developments in the operations of the consolidated entity and the expected results of those operations in future financial years has not been included because disclosure of the information would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the consolidated entity.

Dividends paid or recommended

In respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2015, as detailed in the directors' report for that financial year, a final dividend of 1 cent per share franked to 100% at 30% corporate income tax rate was paid to the holders of fully paid ordinary shares on 18 March 2016.

There was no interim dividend in the year (2015: nil).

On 28 February 2017, the directors declared a fully franked final dividend of 1c per share to the holders of fully paid ordinary shares in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2016, to be paid to shareholders on 19 May 2017. This dividend was approved by the board of directors on 28 February and has not been included as a liability in these consolidated financial statements. The dividend will be paid to all shareholders on the Register of Members on 8 March 2017 with this date being the Record Date. The total estimated dividend to be paid is \$672,000.

Share issues and grant of performance rights

During the year 3,076,360 performance rights were granted as part of the Employee Share Incentive Plan (2015: 2,724,720 options), and 2,482,177 options were forfeited with a value of \$392,512 (2015: 100,000 with a value of \$13,600).

Details of unissued shares or interests under option as at the date of this report are:

Share Interests	No. granted	Class of Shares	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
Performance rights	5,919,885	Ordinary	0.00	30-Apr-18
Performance rights	2,112,098	Ordinary	0.00	30-Apr-19

These performance rights can only be exercised once certain performance and service hurdles have been achieved as outlined in the Remuneration Report.

No shares or interests were issued during or since the end of the financial year as a result of an exercise of an option.

Financial position

The net assets of the Consolidated Group have decreased to \$13,013,000 at 31 December 2016 from \$13,204,000 at 31 December 2015. Further information is provided in the Financial review, Operating cash flow and gearing and Review of net assets section within this report.

Insurance of Officers

Insurance has been undertaken for the financial year ended 31 December 2016 in respect of work performed by current or past principals, partners, Directors and employees. No indemnification insurance has been undertaken for the auditors of the Consolidated Group.

Non-audit services

The Board of Directors, in accordance with advice from the Audit and Risk Committee, is satisfied that the provision of non-audit services provided by RSM during the year is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

The Directors are satisfied that the services disclosed below did not compromise the external auditor's independence for the following reasons:

- All non-audit services are reviewed and approved by the Audit and Risk Committee to ensure they do not adversely affect
 the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- The nature of the services provided does not compromise the general principles relating to auditor independence in accordance with APES 110 Code of Ethics by Professional Accountants set by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board

The following fees for non-audit services were paid/payable to the auditors during the year ended 31 December 2016: Taxation services \$28.442.

Auditor's independence declaration

The auditor's independence declaration for the year ended 31 December 2016 has been received in accordance with s307c of the Corporations Act 2001 and can be found on page 21, which forms part of this report.

Significant changes in state of affairs

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Consolidated Group during the financial year.

Events subsequent to balance date

There has not been any matter or circumstance occurring subsequent to the end of the financial year that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the operations of the consolidated entity, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the consolidated entity in future financial years.

Environmental issues

As the Consolidated Group's principal activity relates to recruitment, there are no environmental regulations with which it must comply. The Consolidated Group is not regulated by any significant environmental regulations under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory.

Information on Directors

Nick Waterworth Group CEO and Executive Chairman

Qualifications Honours Degree in Economics (York University, UK)

Co-Founder of Ambition Group. Board member since inception in August 1999. Experience

13,607,571 ordinary shares. Interest in shares Special responsibilities **Executive Director and Chairman**

Directorships in other None listed companies during

the past three years

Paul Young Director (Non-Executive)

Qualifications Honours Graduate in Economics (Cambridge University), Advanced Diploma in Corporate Finance,

Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, Fellow of Australian

Institute of Company Directors.

Co-Founder and Executive Director of Baron Partners Limited, with over 30 years' experience in Experience

merchant banking.

Interest in shares 4,233,197 ordinary shares.

Special responsibilities Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committee and member of the Remuneration, Human Resources &

Nominations Committee

Directorships in other listed companies during the past three years

Byron Energy Limited and Opus Group Limited

Cathy Doyle Director (Non-Executive)

Qualifications MBA from University of New England, a Degree in Social Science from Newcastle University, Post

Graduate Degrees in Psychology and Vocational Education and a Graduate of the AICD. Member of

the Australian Institute of Company Directors and the Australian Human Resource Institute.

Experience Over 25 years' experience in businesses at a senior level. Previously was Head of HR at BNP Paribas,

Group Executive Equities, and Group Executive of People and Culture at Perpetual, and has held

senior Human Resources roles at McDonalds, Qantas, Commonwealth Bank and NRMA.

Interest in shares 600,000 ordinary shares.

Special responsibilities Chairman of the Remuneration, Human Resources & Nominations Committee and member of the

Audit and Risk Committee

Directorships in other listed companies during the past three years

None

Richard Petty Director (Non-Executive)

Qualifications BCom (Hons and University Medal) and MCom (Hons) University of New South Wales, PhD (Macq),

> Fellow and Life Member of CPA Australia (FCPA, Life) and a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors (FAICD). CMA, Professor in Management (Accounting & Finance) Macquarie

Graduate School of Management.

More than 20 years of commercial, consulting and advisory experience with a broad range of Experience

multinational firms and governments on issues including finance, strategy, competitiveness, governance and on doing business in Asia. Has lived in Hong Kong for the past 20 years. Chairman of The Australian Chamber of Commerce Hong Kong & Macau; Board member of the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC); Board member of CPA Australia (Past President and Chairman).

Interest in shares 200,000 ordinary shares.

Special responsibilities Member of the Audit and Risk Committee and a member of the Human Resources &

Nominations Committee

Directorships in other listed companies during the past three years

None

Company Secretary

Mr Laurent Toussaint held the position of company secretary at the end of the financial year. He is a Chartered Accountant registered with Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand. He joined the company in 2015 and has held senior positions with major international companies including Deloitte, Atos Origin and Dimension Data.

Meetings of Directors

		ectors' etings		and Risk mittee	Remuneration, Human Resources & Nominations Committee	
	Held *	Attended	Held *	Attended	Held *	Attended
Nick Waterworth	11	11				
Paul Young	11	10	2	2	2	2
Cathy Doyle	11	10	2	2	2	2
Richard Petty	11	8	2	2	2	2

^{*} These columns indicate the number of meetings held during the period each person listed was a Director or member of the relevant Board Committee.

Number of shares held directly, indirectly or beneficially by parent entity Directors at the date of this report:

	Fully paid ordinary shares	Share options
	Number	Number
Directors		
Nick Waterworth	13,607,571	-
Paul Young	4,233,197	-
Cathy Doyle	600,000	-
Richard Petty	200,000	-

Remuneration report (Audited)

The information which follows to the end of section '(i) Shareholdings is subject to audit by the external auditors.

This remuneration report, which forms part of the Directors' report, sets out information about the remuneration of key management personnel (KMP) of Ambition Group Limited (Ambition) for the financial year ended 31 December 2016. The term 'key management personnel' refers to those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the consolidated entity, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the consolidated entity.

The Directors and other members of Key Management Personnel of the group during the year were:

- Nick Waterworth (Executive Director)
- Paul Young (Non Executive Director)
- Cathy Doyle (Non Executive Director)
- Richard Petty (Non Executive Director)
- Laurent Toussaint (Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary)

a. Remuneration policy

The remuneration policy of Ambition has been designed to align executive KMP and Senior Management objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component, and offering specific short and long-term variable components based on key performance criteria. The Board of Ambition believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best executives and Executive Directors to run and manage the Consolidated Group, as well as create goal congruence between KMP, Senior Management and Shareholders. Only one Director is an executive at the date of this report, namely Nick Waterworth.

The remuneration of executive KMP and Senior Management is set by the Remuneration, Human Resources and Nominations Committee. Remuneration comprises a fixed base salary and performance incentive and can include eligibility to participate in the Ambition Employee Share Incentive Plan. The policy is subject to Board approval.

The performance of Senior Management is measured against criteria agreed annually with each senior manager and is based predominantly on the financial performance of the operating division for which the senior manager is responsible. The Board may, at its discretion, review the performance criteria and level of incentive at times other than annually to ensure rewards are appropriate.

KMP and Senior Management may participate in Ambition's Employee Share Incentive Plan, the purpose of which is to align Shareholders' and managements' objectives. The plan provides for the allocation of Ambition share performance rights, options or other interests over shares to Senior Managers at the discretion of the Board. Any shares are issued via a Trustee and held in trust subject to issue on the meeting of certain performance and service hurdles as assessed by the Remuneration, Human Resources and Nominations Committee. Performance hurdles are recommended by the Executive Chairman and approved by the Human Resources and Nominations Remuneration Committee. The vesting of shares and options issued to KMP and Senior Management, is contingent on the achievement of specified Earnings per Share (EPS) targets for the Consolidated Group. Shares issued under the Employee Share Incentive Plan are subject to vesting provisions in accordance with the terms of the plan.

There are currently 1,567,289 share interests outstanding relating to KMP. There are no other share-based payment arrangements in existence relating to KMP.

For KMP and Senior Management, the service component on 5,919,885 performance rights issued is conditional on continuous employment from date of grant through to 31 March 2018. For the performance component there are four conditional tranches:

- Tranche 1 25% of the Performance Rights granted will vest if the Company's EPS for the period 1 July 2014 to 31
 December 2014 is at least 0.5 cent
- Tranche 2 25% of the Performance Rights granted will vest if the Company's EPS for the Financial Year ended 31 December 2015 is at least 1.0 cent
- Tranche 3 25% of the Performance Rights granted will vest if the Company's EPS for the Financial Year ended 31 December 2016 is at least 2.0 cents
- Tranche 4 25% of the Performance Rights granted will vest if the Company's EPS for the Financial Year ending 31 December 2017 is at least 3.0 cents

Performance rights that fail to meet an EPS condition for a tranche may still vest if the cumulative EPS condition in total is achieved.

For KMP and Senior Management the service component on 2,112,098 performance rights issued is conditional on continuous employment from date of grant through to 31 March 2019. For the performance component there is one conditional tranche:

■ Tranche 1 - The Performance Rights granted will vest if the Company's EPS for the financial year ending 31 December 2018 is at least 4.0 cents

KMP and Senior Management receive a superannuation guarantee contribution required by the government and do not receive any other retirement benefits. Individuals may sacrifice part of their remuneration to increase payments towards superannuation. All remuneration paid to KMP and Senior Management is valued at the cost to the Consolidated Group and expensed. Shares issued to KMP and Senior Management are valued at the fair value on the Grant date.

b. Non-Executive Directors Remuneration

The remuneration of Non-Executive Directors is \$60,000 per Director. The maximum aggregate remuneration that may be paid to Non-Executive Directors is \$200,000. This remuneration may be divided amongst the Non-Executive Directors as determined by the Board. Notice of any proposed increase in Non-Executive Director's aggregate remuneration and the total amount of remuneration payable to Non-Executive Directors as a result of the proposed increase must be given to members in the notice convening the general meeting at which the increase is to be proposed.

c. Performance-based remuneration

The remuneration of the executive KMP and Senior Management includes a performance-based component based on profit. This ensures that the interests of the executive KMP and Senior Management are aligned with our Shareholders. In 2016, KMP and Senior Management received a bonus based on the performance of the divisions for which they are directly responsible. The performance-based component of KMP and Senior Management remuneration is recommended by the Remuneration, Human Resources and Nominations Committee annually for approval by the Board. Performance-based remuneration of Senior Management is annually recommended to the Board by the executive Director.

d. Performance-based income as a proportion of total remuneration

Executive KMP and Senior Management are paid performance bonuses based on the profitability of businesses rather than as proportions of their salary. This has led to the proportions of remuneration related to performance varying for each individual. The level of performance-based remuneration is determined such that it provides sufficient incentive and encouragement for the individual to achieve agreed goals and objectives.

e. Discussion of the relationship between the remuneration policy and company performance

The table below shows summary information about Ambition's earnings and movements in shareholder wealth for the five years to 31 December 2016.

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Profit / (loss) before tax	306	(1,457)	34	1,658	207
Net profit / (loss) after tax	69	(1,434)	(144)	1,006	352
	С	С	С	С	С
Basic EPS	0.11	(2.14)	(0.27)	1.71	1.07
Diluted EPS	0.10	(2.14)	(0.27)	1.56	0.94
Dividend	-	-	-	1.001 & 2	1.001 & 2
Share Price (31 Dec)	19.00	18.00	12.50	18.00	17.00

¹ Declared after the end of the reporting period and not reflected in the financial statements.

f. Employment contracts of Key Management Personnel and Senior Management

The employment conditions of executive KMP and Senior Management are formalised in contracts of employment as determined by the Remuneration, Human Resources and Nominations Committee, and reviewed annually for future compensation. All Senior Managers are permanent employees of Ambition Corporate Services Pty Limited, a wholly owned Consolidated Group entity responsible for the employment of all personnel. The employment contracts stipulate a range of one to nine month resignation periods. Termination payments are generally not payable on resignation or dismissal for serious misconduct. In the case of serious misconduct, employment can be terminated without notice.

² Franked to 100% at 30% corporate income tax rate.

g. Details of remuneration

The remuneration of KMP as defined of the Consolidated Group during the year was as follows:

	Short-term benefits		Post- employment benefits	Long-term Benefits	Other benefits		
	Salary and fees	Non-cash benefits	Bonuses	Super	Share based payment	Termination payment	Total
2016	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Directors							
Nick Waterworth	281,217	14,353	50,000	18,783	-	-	364,353
Paul Young	54,795	-	-	5,205	-	-	60,000
Cathy Doyle	54,795	-	-	5,205	-	-	60,000
Richard Petty	60,000	-	-	-	-	-	60,000
	450,807	14,353	50,000	29,193	-	-	544,353
Other Key Managemen	t Personnel ²						
Laurent Toussaint ¹	256,217	-	-	18,783	85,174	-	360,174
	707,024	14,353	50,000	47,976	85,174	-	904,527
2015	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Directors							
Nick Waterworth	276,636	18,752	100,000	18,235	-	-	413,623
Paul Young	54,795	-	-	5,205	-	-	60,000
Cathy Doyle	54,795	-	-	5,205	-	-	60,000
Richard Petty	60,000	-	-	-	-	-	60,000
	446,226	18,752	100,000	28,645			593,623
Other Key Managemen	t Personnel ²						
Laurent Toussaint ¹	191,740	-	27,500	14,510	27,467	-	261,217
Ash Fenton ¹	69,612	-	-	8,241	-	17,033	94,886
	707,578	18,752	127,500	51,396	27,467	17,033	949,726

¹ Ash Fenton resigned on 1 April 2015 and was replaced by Laurent Toussaint on this date.

No KMP appointed during the period received a payment as part of his or her consideration for agreeing to hold the position. No KMP received any remuneration outside of the amounts disclosed in the table above.

² Amounts included in the above table reflect the remuneration whilst a KMP as defined.

Terms and conditions of share-based payment arrangements affecting remuneration of KMP in the current financial year or future financial years:

Share Interests	Grant Date	Fair value at grant date	Exercise price	Expiry date	Vesting Date ¹
Performance Rights	03-Aug-15	\$0.15	0.00	30-Apr-18	31-Mar-18
Performance Rights	17-Feb-16	\$0.17	0.00	30-Apr-19	31-Mar-19

¹ Vesting is dependent on achieving certain performance and service criteria determined by the Human Resources and Nominations Committee.

h. Remuneration Options

381,944 performance rights were granted under the Ambition Employee Share Initiative Plan during the year to key management personnel.

i. Shareholdings

Fully paid ordinary shares

2016	Balance at 1 January	Granted as compensation	Received on exercise of options	Net Other change	Balance at 31 December	Balance held nominally
Nick Waterworth	13,333,477	-	-	274,094	13,607,571	-
Paul Young	4,233,197	-	-	-	4,233,197	-
Cathy Doyle	600,000	-	-	-	600,000	-
Richard Petty	200,000	-	-	-	200,000	-
Laurent Toussaint	_	_	_	_	-	_

Share Interests

2016	Balance at 1 January	Granted as compensation	Exercised	Net Other change	Balance at 31 December	Balance vested during the year
Nick Waterworth	-	-	-	-	-	-
Paul Young	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cathy Doyle	-	-	-	-	-	-
Richard Petty	-	-	-	-	-	-
Laurent Toussaint	1,185,345	381,944	-	-	1,567,289	-

Rounding of Amounts

The Company is an entity to which ASIC Class Order 2016/191 applies and, accordingly, amounts in the financial statements and Directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars unless otherwise indicated.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors made pursuant to s.298 (2) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the Directors

Nick Waterworth

Executive Chairman 28 February 2017

Auditor's Independence Declaration



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AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of Ambition Group Limited for the year ended 31 December 2016, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

RSM AUSTRALIA PARTNERS

Darbot

David Talbot Partner

RSM

Sydney, NSW Dated: 28 February 2017









Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

for the year ended 31 December 2016

Consolidated Group	Conso	lidated	Group
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		2016	2015
Continuing Operations	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Revenue	2	115,271	107,243
On-hired labour costs		(72,315)	(61,249)
Net fee income		42,956	45,994
Investment income		3	14
Employee benefits expense	3	(30,593)	(31,711)
Indirect employment costs		(865)	(1,387)
Payroll tax		(822)	(840)
Restructuring costs		(557)	-
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3	(895)	(785)
Finance costs	3	(27)	-
Advertising & marketing expense		(1,270)	(1,596)
IT costs		(892)	(955)
Rental expense on operating leases	3	(3,077)	(2,654)
Other expenses	3	(3,754)	(4,422)
Profit before tax		207	1,658
Income tax benefit / (expense)		145	(652)
Profit / (loss) for the year from continuing operations		352	1,006
Attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		705	1,121
Non-controlling interests	21	(353)	(115)
		352	1,006
Earnings per share			
Basic (cents per share)	8	1.07	1.71
Diluted (cents per share)	8	0.94	1.56

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 31 December 2016

	Consolia	dated Group
	2016	2015
Continuing Operations	\$'000	\$'000
Profit/(Loss) for the year	352	1,006
Other comprehensive income:		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		
Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations	(101)	235
Total comprehensive income for the year	251	1,241
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Owners of the Parent	588	1,430
Non-controlling interests	(337)	(189)
Total comprehensive income for the year	251	1,241

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

for the year ended 31 December 2016

		Consolida 2016	ated Group 2015
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	4,474	6,534
Trade and other receivables	11	16,786	17,124
Other current assets	10	811	836
Current tax assets	14	509	89
Total current assets		22,580	24,583
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	12	1,448	1,556
Intangible assets	13	418	465
Deferred tax assets	14	1,369	1,056
Total non-current assets		3,235	3,077
Total assets		25,815	27,660
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	15	9,983	11,292
Current tax liabilities	14	-	794
Provisions	16	814	840
Total current liabilities		10,797	12,926
Non-current liabilities			
Provisions	16	1,330	1,530
Deferred tax liabilities	14	675	-
Total non-current liabilities		2,005	1,530
Total liabilities		12,802	14,456
Net assets		13,013	13,204
Equity			
Issued capital	18	47,726	47,726
Retained losses	19	(31,768)	(31,801)
Reserves	20	(2,524)	(2,637)
Non controlling interest	21	(421)	(84)
Total equity	2.	13,013	13,204

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

for the year ended 31 December 2016

	Issued capital	Accum. losses	Foreign currency translation reserve	Equity settled emp. benefits reserve	Attrib. to owners of the parent	Non controlling Interest	Total
Consolidated Group	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance as at 1 January 2015	47,726	(32,922)	(3,279)	98	11,623	105	11,728
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	1,121	-	-	1,121	(115)	1,006
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	309	-	309	(74)	235
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	1,121	309	-	1,430	(189)	1,241
Transactions with owners in their cap	acity as owne	rs:					
Recognition of share based payments	-	-	-	235	235	-	235
Vesting of employee share scheme	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 December 2015	47,726	(31,801)	(2,970)	333	13,288	(84)	13,204
		(24.224)	(2.2-2)			(5.0)	
Balance as at 1 January 2016	47,726	(31,801)	(2,970)	333	13,288	(84)	13,204
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	705	-	-	705	(353)	352
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(117)	-	(117)	16	(101)
Total comprehensive income for the year		705	(117)	-	588	(337)	251
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:							
Recognition of share based payments	-	-	-	230	230	-	230
Payment of dividend	-	(672)	-	-	(672)	-	(672)
Vesting of employee share scheme	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 December 2016	47,726	(31,768)	(3,087)	563	13,434	(421)	13,013

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended 31 December 2016

		Consolidated Group		
		2016	2015	
	Note	\$'000	\$'000	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Receipts from customers		116,227	103,749	
Payments to suppliers and employees		(116,271)	(101,116)	
Cash (used in) / generated from operations		(44)	2,633	
Income tax (paid)		(709)	(204)	
Interest and other costs of finance paid		(27)	_	
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities	22	(780)	2,429	
Cash flows from investing activities				
Payments to acquire property, plant and equipment		(254)	(889)	
Payments to acquire intangible assets		(283)	(404)	
Interest received		3	14	
Net cash (used in) / generated from investing activities		(534)	(1,279)	
Cash flows from financing activities				
Payment for share issue costs		-	-	
Proceeds from issue of equity securities		-	-	
Dividends paid		(672)	-	
Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities		(672)	-	
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(1,986)	1,150	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	9	6,534	5,222	
Effect of exchange rates on cash holdings in foreign currencies		(74)	162	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	9	4,474	6,534	

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2016

1. Significant Accounting Policies

a. Basis of preparation

For the purposes of preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Company is a for-profit entity.

The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001, Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board. Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations ensures that the financial statements and notes also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

The financial report covers the Consolidated Group of Ambition Group Limited and controlled entities. Ambition Group Limited is a listed public Company, incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The parent entity is a Company of a kind referred to in Australian Securities and Investments Commission Class Order 2016/191 dated 24 March 2016 and in accordance with that Class Order, amounts in this financial report are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars unless otherwise stated.

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs modified, by the revaluation of selected non-current assets, financial assets and liabilities for which the fair value basis of accounting has been applied.

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the Consolidated Group in the preparation of the financial report. The accounting policies have been consistently applied to all years stated, unless otherwise stated.

The financial statements were approved on 28 February 2017.

b. Principles of consolidation

A controlled entity is any entity controlled by Ambition Group Limited. Ambition Group Limited controls an investee when Ambition Group Limited is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

All intercompany balances and transactions between entities in the Consolidated Group, including any unrealised profits or losses, have been eliminated on consolidation. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistencies with those policies applied by the parent entity.

Where controlled entities have entered or left the Consolidated Group during the year, their operating results have been included/excluded from the date control was obtained or until the date control ceased.

All controlled entities have a December financial year end.

Business combinations

Acquisitions of subsidiaries and businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration for each acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values (at the date of exchange) of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the Consolidated Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Where applicable, the consideration for the acquisition includes any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, measured at its acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent changes in such fair values are adjusted against the cost of acquisition where they qualify as measurement period adjustments. All other subsequent changes in the fair value of contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability are accounted for in accordance with relevant Standards. Changes in the fair value of contingent consideration classified as equity are not recognised.

for the year ended 31 December 2016

1. Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

c. Income tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of profit or loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Consolidated Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Consolidated Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax are recognised as an expense or income in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised outside profit or loss (whether in other comprehensive income or directly in equity), in which case the tax is also recognised outside profit or loss, or where they arise from the initial accounting for a business combination. In the case of a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

d. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Consolidated Group and by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. Revenue is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

for the year ended 31 December 2016

1. Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Contingent permanent recruitment revenue is recognised upon candidate's acceptance of a permanent position.

Contracting revenue is recognised when the services are provided.

Retained permanent recruitment revenue is recognised in three stages – upon commencement of an assignment where a job description is given by the client to Ambition, at the short-list stage where a list of appropriate candidates is given by Ambition to the client and upon the completion of the recruitment process where a candidate has accepted the proposed job offer.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

Dividend revenue is recognised when dividends are declared.

e. Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on a cost basis less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

f. Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all property, plant and equipment is depreciated on a straight-line basis over their useful lives to the Consolidated Group commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable asset are:

Leasehold improvements
 Lifetime of lease

Office equipment 20%-25%Furniture and fittings 20%Computer hardware 33%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

g. Leases

Leases of plant, property and equipment where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership are transferred to entities in the Consolidated Group, are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are expensed on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease term.

for the year ended 31 December 2016

1. Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

h. Financial instruments

All financial assets are recognised and derecognised on trade date where the purchase or sale of a financial asset is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the financial asset within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially measured at fair value, plus transaction costs, except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value.

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets 'at fair value through profit or loss' (FVTPL), 'held-to-maturity' investments, 'available-for-sale' (AFS) financial assets and 'loans and receivables'. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

i. Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees on points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as at FVTPL.

ii. Held-to-maturity investments

Bills of exchange and debentures with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates that the Consolidated Group has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity investments. Held-to-maturity investments are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment, with revenue recognised on an effective yield basis.

iii. Loans and receivables

Trade receivables, loans, and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment. Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

iv. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are either: i) held for trading, where they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the short-term with an intention of making a profit; or ii) designated as such upon initial recognition, where they are managed on a fair value basis or to eliminate or significantly reduce an accounting mismatch. Except for effective hedging instruments, derivatives are also categorised as fair value through profit or loss. Fair value movements are recognised in profit or loss.

v. Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets, principally equity services, that are either designated as available-for-sale or not classified as any other category. After initial recognition, fair value movements are recognised in other comprehensive income through the available-for-sale reserve in equity. Cumulative gain or loss previously reported in the available-for-sale reserve is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.

vi. Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

for the year ended 31 December 2016

1. Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Consolidated Group's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 60 days, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables. For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

vii. Derecognition of financial assets

The Consolidated Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Consolidated Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Consolidated Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Consolidated Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Consolidated Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

viii. Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Group

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities 'at FVTPL' or 'other financial liabilities'.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Consolidated Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Consolidated Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire.

i. Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the Consolidated Group reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to profit or loss.

for the year ended 31 December 2016

1. Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

j. Intangibles

i. Goodwill

Goodwill arising in a business combination is recognised as an asset at the date that control is acquired (the acquisition date). Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed.

If, after reassessment, the Consolidated Group's interest in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Goodwill is not amortised but is reviewed for impairment at least annually. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Consolidated Group's cash-generating units expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

On disposal of a subsidiary, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

ii. Web development costs

The website is considered to be a revenue generating asset and as such, all expenses incurred in the development of the website are capitalised as an intangible asset. The asset has a definite life and is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. Website development costs are amortised over their useful life of no more than three years.

k. Foreign currency transactions and balances

i. Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of each of the Consolidated Group's entities is measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars which is the parent entity's functional and presentation currency.

ii. Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the year-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, except where deferred in other comprehensive income as a qualifying cash flow or net investment hedge.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items are recognised directly in other comprehensive income to the extent that the gain or loss is directly recognised in other comprehensive income; otherwise the exchange difference is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

for the year ended 31 December 2016

1. Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

iii. Consolidated Group companies

The financial results and position of foreign operations whose functional currency is different from the Consolidated Group's currency are translated as follows:

- Assets and liabilities are translated at year-end exchange rates prevailing at that reporting date
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period
- Retained profits are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations are transferred directly to the Consolidated Group's foreign currency translation reserve in the consolidated statement of financial position. These differences are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which the operation is disposed.

I. Employee benefits

Provision is made for the Consolidated Group's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to reporting date. Short-term employee benefits have been measured at the amounts expected to be settled wholly within twelve months after the end of the period. Long-term employee benefits have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for those benefits. These cash flows are discounted using market yields on national government bonds with terms to maturity that match the expected timing of cash flows.

m. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Consolidated Group has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured. Onerous leases are recognised when the economic benefits derived from the lease are lower than the related unavoidable lease expense.

n. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the consolidated statement of financial position.

o. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the consolidated statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

Cash flows are presented in the consolidated statement of cash flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities, which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

p. Share-based payments

The Consolidated Group provides benefits to selected employees (including Directors) in the form of share based payment transactions, whereby eligible employees render services in exchange for shares or rights over shares ("equity-settled transactions"). The cost of these equity-settled transactions is measured by reference to their fair value at the date at which they were granted. This cost is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the benefit ("vesting date").

The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until vesting date reflects (a) the extent to which the vesting period has expired, and (b) the number of benefits that, in the opinion of the Directors of the Consolidated Group, will ultimately vest. This opinion is formed based on the best available information at reporting date. No adjustment is made for the likelihood of market performance conditions being met as the effect of these conditions is included in the determination of fair value at grant date.

for the year ended 31 December 2016

1. Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

No expense is recognised for benefits that do not ultimately vest, except for benefits where vesting is conditional upon market conditions.

Where the terms of an equity-based benefit are modified, as a minimum, an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified. In addition, an expense is recognised for any increase in the value of the transaction as a result of the modification, as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled benefit is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the benefit is recognised immediately. However, if a new benefit is substituted for a cancelled benefit, and designated as a replacement benefit on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new benefit are treated as if they were a modification of the original benefit, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect, if any, of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

q. Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred, unless they relate to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised.

r. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data obtained externally and within the Consolidated Group. Further detail is given below of the main areas of accounting estimates and judgements.

- i. Share based payments
 - The value and corresponding expense in relation to share based payments is based on the probability, in the opinion of the Directors, of service and performance criteria being met.
- ii. Impairment
 - The Consolidated Group assesses impairment at each reporting date by evaluating conditions specific to the Consolidated Group that may lead to an impairment of assets such as current economic conditions and uncertainty over future cash flows. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Value-in-use calculations performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates.
- iii. Provisions for impairment of receivables
 - The carrying amount of trade receivables is reviewed for indicators of impairment on a regular basis. Where there is an indication of impairment a provision for doubtful debt is made.
- iv. Provision for Make Good
 - A provision is made for the expected cost to restore the leased property to its original condition. The provision is based on a best estimate advised by the external property advisor or a pre agreed contracted amount.
- v. Control
 - Note 17 describes that Ambition Group Malaysia Sdn Bhd is a subsidiary of the Consolidated Group although the Consolidated Group only owns a 49% ownership interest in Ambition Group Malaysia Sdn Bhd. Based on the contractual arrangements between the Consolidated Group and other investors, the Consolidated Group has the power to appoint and remove the majority of the board of directors of Ambition Group Malaysia Sdn Bhd that has the power to direct the relevant activities of Ambition Group Malaysia Sdn Bhd. Therefore, the directors of the Company concluded that the Consolidated Group has the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of Ambition Group Malaysia Sdn Bhd unilaterally and hence the Consolidated Group has control over Ambition Group Malaysia Sdn Bhd.

for the year ended 31 December 2016

1. Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

s. Adoption of new Accounting Standards

The Group has adopted all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the AASB that are relevant to the operations and effective for the current reporting period.

Where necessary, information for the previous period has been represented to conform to changes in presentation in the current financial year. New and revised Standards and amendments thereof and Interpretations effective for the current reporting period that are relevant to the Group include:

- AASB 2014-4 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation'
- AASB 2015-1 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Annual Improvements to Australian Accounting Standards 2012-2014 Cycle'
- AASB 2015-2 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 101'
- AASB 2015-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from withdrawal of AASB 1031 Materiality
- AASB 2015-9 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Scope and Application Paragraphs

There are no new and revised Standards and Interpretations adopted in these financial statements affecting the reporting results or financial position.

At the date of authorisation of the financial statements, the Standards and Interpretations listed below were in issue but only effective for annual reporting periods beginning on the 1st January 2017, and therefore expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending 31 December 2017.

AASB 2016-2 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 107'

At the date of authorisation of the financial statements, the Standards and Interpretations listed below were in issue but only effective for annual reporting periods beginning on the 1st January 2018, and therefore expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending 31 December 2018.

- AASB 9 Financial Instruments (December 2014)
- AASB 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'
- AASB 2014-5 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 15'
- AASB 2015-8 'Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Effective date of AASB 15'

At the date of authorisation of the financial statements, the Standards and Interpretations listed below were in issue but only effective for annual reporting periods beginning on the 1st January 2019, and therefore expected to be initially applied in the financial year ending 31 December 2019.

■ AASB 16 'Leases'

The potential impact of the initial application of the above Standards has not yet been determined.

Consolidated Group

3,077

(119)

2,654

200

Notes to the Financial Statements (cont.)

for the year ended 31 December 2016

2. Revenue

	Consolida	ated Group
	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
Recruitment services revenue	115,271	107,243
Total revenue	115,271	107,243
3. Profit from ordinary activities		
Profit from ordinary activities before income tax has been determined after:		
	Consolida	ated Group
	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
Employee benefits expense		
Equity settled share based payments	230	233
Other employee benefits	30,363	31,478
	30,593	31,711
Depreciation and amortisation expense		
Depreciation of plant and equipment	567	544
Amortisation of software and web development	328	241
	895	785
Finance costs		
■ interest expense	27	-

4. Dividends

Other expenses

Rental expense on operating leases

minimum lease payments

bad and doubtful debt provision

On 28 February 2017, the directors declared a fully franked final dividend of 1c per share to the holders of fully paid ordinary shares in respect of the financial year end 31 December 2016, to be paid to shareholders on 19 May 2017. This dividend was approved by the board of directors on 28 February and has not been included as a liability in these consolidated financial statements. The dividend will be paid to all shareholders on the Register of Members on 8 March 2017 with this date being the Record Date. The total estimated dividend to be paid is \$672,000.

	Consoli	Consolidated Group	
	2016	2015	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Adjusted franking account balance	2,872	2,282	

for the year ended 31 December 2016

5. Income tax expense

	Consolida	ted Group
	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
a. The components of tax expense comprise:		
Current tax	44	794
Deferred tax	(198)	(152)
Under provision in respect of prior years	9	10
Income tax expense	(145)	652
b. The prima facie tax on the profit before income tax is reconciled to income tax expense as follows:		
Profit before tax from continuing activities	208	1,658
Income tax calculated at 30% (2015: 30%)	62	497
Add / (less) tax effect of:		
• other non deductible expenses	118	148
tax assets not brought to account	408	269
• overseas tax differential	(53)	(104)
utilisation of brought forward tax losses	(96)	(168)
• effect of previously unrecognised and unused tax losses now recognised as a deferred tax asset	(114)	-
under provision in prior period	9	10
• effect of database write down	(479)	-
Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss	(145)	652
Applicable weighted average effective tax rates	-70%	39%

Tax consolidation

a) Relevance of tax consolidation to the Group

The resident companies and its wholly-owned Australian resident entities have formed a tax-consolidated group with effect from 1 July 2003 and are therefore taxed as a single entity from that date. The head entity within the tax-consolidated group is Ambition Group Limited. The members of the tax-consolidated group are identified in Note 17. Tax expense/income, deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences of the members of the tax-consolidated group are recognised in the separate financial statements of the members of the tax-consolidated group using the 'separate taxpayer within group' approach by reference to the carrying amounts in the separate financial statements of each entity and the tax values applying under tax consolidation. Current tax liabilities and assets and deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and relevant tax credits of the members of the tax-consolidated group are recognised by the Company (as head entity in the tax-consolidated group).

Due to the existence of a tax funding arrangement between the entities in the tax-consolidated group, amounts are recognised as payable to or receivable by the Company and each member of the Consolidated Group in relation to the tax contribution amounts paid or payable between the parent entity and the other members of the tax-consolidated group in accordance with the arrangement.

for the year ended 31 December 2016

5. Income tax expense (cont.)

b) Nature of tax funding arrangements and tax sharing agreements

Entities within the tax-consolidated group have entered into a tax funding arrangement and a tax sharing agreement with the head entity. Under the terms of the tax funding arrangement, Ambition Group Limited and each of the entities in the tax-consolidated group has agreed to pay a tax equivalent payment to or from the head entity, based on the current tax liability or current tax asset of the entity.

The tax sharing agreement entered into between members of the tax-consolidated group provides for the determination of the allocation of income tax liabilities between the entities should the head entity default on its tax payment obligations or if an entity should leave the tax-consolidated group. The effect of the tax sharing agreement is that each member's liability for tax payable by the tax-consolidated group is limited to the amount payable to the head entity under the tax funding arrangement.

6. Employee share plans

The Consolidated Group has an ownership-based compensation scheme for executives and senior employees. Executives and senior employees of the Consolidated Group may be granted an interest to purchase ordinary shares at an exercise price of nil per ordinary share. Each employee share interest converts into one ordinary share of Ambition Group Limited on exercise. No amounts are paid or payable by the recipient. The interests carry neither rights to dividends nor voting rights and may be exercised at any time from the date of vesting to the date of their expiry.

The number of interests granted is calculated in accordance with the performance-based formula approved by shareholders at a previous annual general meeting and is subject to approval by the Human Resources and Nominations Committee. The formula rewards executives and senior employees to the extent of the Consolidated Group's and the individual's achievement judged against both length of service and EPS performance.

The following table shows the share-based payment arrangements which were in existence during the current and prior years:

Shares / Options	No. granted	Grant date	Fair value at grant date	Vesting date	Expiry date	Vesting criteria ¹
Zero-priced Options	500,000	9-Dec-13	\$0.18	31-Mar-18	30-Apr-18	Service & performance
Zero-priced Options	3,613,080	3-Jul-14	\$0.14	31-Mar-18	30-Apr-18	Service & performance
Zero-priced Options	500,000	3-Jul-14	\$0.14	31-Mar-18	30-Apr-18	Service & performance
Zero-priced Options	200,000	28-Jul-14	\$0.13	31-Mar-18	30-Apr-18	Service
Zero-priced Options	1,185,345	3-Aug-15	\$0.15	31-Mar-18	30-Apr-18	Service & performance
Zero-priced Options	1,539,375	3-Aug-15	\$0.15	31-Mar-18	30-Apr-18	Service & performance
Zero-priced Options ¹	350,000	17-Feb-16	\$0.17	31-Mar-18	30-Apr-18	Service & performance
Zero-priced Options ¹	100,000	17-Feb-16	\$0.17	31-Mar-18	30-Apr-18	Service
Zero-priced Options 1	1,763,252	17-Feb-16	\$0.17	31-Mar-19	30-Apr-19	Service & performance
Zero-priced Options ¹	100,000	17-Feb-16	\$0.17	31-Mar-19	30-Apr-19	Service
Zero-priced Options ²	381,944	17-Feb-16	\$0.17	31-Mar-19	30-Apr-19	Service & performance
Zero-priced Options ¹	381,164	6-Dec-16	\$0.14	31-Mar-19	30-Apr-19	Service & performance

¹ A total of 2,694,416 service and performance rights were issued to senior management during the year ended 31 December 2016

² A total of 381,944 service and performance rights were issued to key management personnel during the year ended 31 December 2016 (Laurent Toussaint).

for the year ended 31 December 2016

6. Employee share plans (cont.)

The Consolidated Group has established the Ambition Employee Incentive Plan and related Ambition Employee Share Trust to manage and hold both vested and unvested shares and performance rights on behalf of current employees.

At 31 December 2016, the Ambition Employee Incentive Plan held 8,031,983 unvested performance rights. Some current employees chose to retain their vested shares in the trust and the Ambition Employee Share Trust held 375,125 vested shares relating to employees and 1,484,623 treasury shares.

a) Ambition Employee Share Incentive Plan

Details of employee performance rights granted under the Ambition Share Incentive Plan are as follows:

	Consolidated Group	
	2016	2015
	No. '000	No. '000
Balance at the beginning of the year	7,438	4,813
Granted during the year	3,076	2,725
Exercised during the year	-	-
Forfeited during the year	(2,482)	(100)
Balance at the end of the year	8,032	7,438
Total number issued to employees since start	10,614	7,538
Total number cancelled or exercised by employees since start	(2,582)	(100)
Performance rights	8,032	7,438

Performance rights outstanding at the end of the year

The performance rights outstanding at the end of the year had an exercise price of zero (2015: zero) and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 551 days (2015: 821 days).

Fair value of performance rights granted during the year

The fair value of the performance rights granted during the year was calculated using a Binomial pricing model and applying the following inputs:

	17 February 2016	6 December 2016
Exercise price	\$0.00	\$0.00
Underlying share price	\$0.17	\$0.16

Historical volatility has been the basis for determining expected share price volatility as it is assumed this is indicative of future tender which may not eventuate.

b) Summary

A summary of the various unvested shares and incentive plans that may become fully paid ordinary shares in the future is as follows:

IS as follows:			
	Consolida	Consolidated Group	
	2016	2015	
	No. '000	No. '000	
AMB Employee Share Trust	1,485	1,485	
AMB Employee Share Incentive Plan	8,032	7,438	

Notes to the Financial Statements (cont.)

for the year ended 31 December 2016

7. Auditor's remuneration

	Consolidated Group	
	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
Remuneration of the auditor of the Consolidated Group for:		
Auditor of the parent entity		
 Audit or review of the financial statements 	111,895	79,000
Taxation services	11,900	10,500
	123,795	89,500
Network firm of the parent entity		
 Audit or review of the financial statements 	60,877	96,976
Taxation services	16,542	20,542
	77,419	117,518
Total auditors remuneration	201,214	207,018

The auditor of Ambition Group Limited is RSM Australia Partners.

8. Earnings per share ('EPS')

	Consolidated Group	
	2016	2015
Basic earnings per share (cents per share)	1.07	1.71
Diluted earnings per share (cents per share)	0.94	1.56
Earnings used in calculation of basic EPS (\$)	704,521	1,120,747
Earnings used in calculation of diluted EPS (\$)	704,521	1,120,747
Net tangible asset backing per ordinary share (\$)	0.19	0.19
	Number	Numher

	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period used in the calculation of basic EPS	65,686,691	65,686,691
Weighted average number of share interests outstanding	9,227,452	5,926,801
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period used in the calculation of dilutive EPS	74,914,143	71,613,492

1,484,263 (2015: 1,484,263) Treasury shares relating to long-term incentive plans for senior management have not been included in the above Earnings per share calculations in accordance with AASB 133 'Earnings per Share'.

for the year ended 31 December 2016

9. Cash

	Consoli	Consolidated Group	
	2016	2015	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Cash at bank	4,474	6,534	

10. Other assets

	Consoli	Consolidated Group	
	2016	2015	
Current	\$'000	\$'000	
Prepayments	811	836	

11. Receivables

	Consolida	Consolidated Group		
	2016	2015		
Current	\$'000	\$'000		
Trade debtors	11,888	11,983		
Provision for impairment	(393)	(512)		
Other debtors	5,291	5,653		
	16,786	17,124		

All amounts receivable are short-term. The carrying amount of trade debtors is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value. All of the Consolidated Group's trade and other receivables have been reviewed for indicators of impairment. As a result of this review there were doubts over the recoverability of certain trade receivables and a provision of \$393,000 (2015: \$512,000) has been recorded. Allowances for doubtful debts are recognised against trade receivables based on estimated irrecoverable amounts determined by reference to past default experience of the counterparty and an analysis of the counterparty's current financial position.

The trade receivables provided for are mostly due to customers experiencing financial difficulties and problems associated with the current economic climate. Before accepting any new customer, the Consolidated Group uses an external credit analysis to assess the potential customer's credit quality. If the Group have not dealt with a customer for a period of 12 months or more, a further analysis will be performed to confirm the customer's credit worthiness.

for the year ended 31 December 2016

11. Receivables (cont.)

The age of financial assets including those provided for are as follows:

	Consolida	ated Group
	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
Trade debtors - amounts within terms		
Current or not more than 3 months	10,983	11,245
Trade debtors - past due		
More than 3 months but not more than 6 months	708	717
More than 6 months but not more than 1 year	197	21
More than 1 year	-	-
	11,888	11,983
Average Days Sales Outstanding (Days)	34.7	37.1
Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts:		
Balance at beginning of the year	512	312
(Decrease) / increase in allowance	(105)	56
Impairment losses recognised	201	215
Amounts written off during the year as uncollectible	(72)	(43)
Impairment losses reversed	(143)	(28)
Balance at end of the year	393	512
Age of impaired trade receivables:		
30-60 days	6	42
60-90 days	-	42
90-120 days	4	5
120+ days	191	126
Total	201	215

for the year ended 31 December 2016

12. Property, plant and equipment

				Consoli	dated Group
				2016	2015
				\$'000	\$'000
Carrying amounts of:					
Leasehold improvements				1,079	1,174
Office equipment				81	64
Furniture and fittings				78	63
Computer hardware				210	255
				1,448	1,556
	Leasehold	Office	Furniture	Computer	
Cost	improvements	equipment	and fittings	hardware	Total
Consolidated Group	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
2 1 2015	- 00-7	E4.6	105	4	7045
Balance at 1 Jan 2015	5,037	516	485	1,777	7,815
Additions	627	18	46	199	890
Disposals	(117)	(42)	(100)	(183)	(442)
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	288	20	5	63	376
Balance at 31 Dec 2015	5,835	512	436	1,856	8,639
Additions	301	48	49	96	494
Disposals	(108)	(12)	-	(6)	(126)
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	(243)	(11)	(14)	(81)	(349)
Balance at 31 Dec 2016	5,785	537	471	1,865	8,658
				_	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Leasehold improvements	Office equipment	Furniture and fittings	Computer hardware	Total
Consolidated Group	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
consolidated group	4000	\$ 000	7000	\$ 000	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Balance at 1 Jan 2015	(4,174)	(469)	(455)	(1,600)	(6,698)
Eliminated on disposals of assets	117	56	109	184	466
Depreciation expense	(377)	(23)	(17)	(127)	(544)
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	(227)	(12)	(10)	(58)	(307)
Balance at 31 Dec 2015	(4,661)	(448)	(373)	(1,601)	(7,083)
Eliminated on disposals of assets	111	5	-	4	120
Depreciation expense	(378)	(26)	(30)	(133)	(567)
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	222	13	10	75	320
Balance at 31 Dec 2016	(4,706)	(456)	(393)	(1,655)	(7,210)

for the year ended 31 December 2016

13. Intangible assets

		Consolida	ited Group
		2016	2015
		\$'000	\$'000
Carrying amounts of:			
Computer software		417	442
Web development		1	23
		418	465
		Web	
Cost		Development	Total
Consolidated Group	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at 1 Jan 2015	2,111	878	2,989
Additions	404	-	404
Disposals	(125)	(13)	(138)
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	27	13	40
Balance at 31 Dec 2015	2,417	878	3,295
Additions	282	1	283
Disposals	-	-	-
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	(24)	(23)	(47)
Balance at 31 Dec 2016	2,675	856	3,531
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	Software	Web Development	Total
Consolidated Group	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
consendance crosp	\$	4 000	Ψ 0 0 0
Balance at 1 Jan 2015	(1,904)	(798)	(2,702)
Eliminated on disposals of assets	133	13	146
Amortisation expense	(179)	(62)	(241)
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	(25)	(8)	(33)
Balance at 31 Dec 2015	(1,975)	(855)	(2,830)
Eliminated on disposals of assets	-	-	-
Amortisation expense	(307)	(21)	(328)
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	24	21	45
Balance at 31 Dec 2016	(2,258)	(855)	(3,113)

for the year ended 31 December 2016

14. Tax

	Consolidat	ted Group
	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
a. Liabilities		
Current		
Income tax payable	-	794
Non-current		
Deferred tax liabilities comprise:		
■ Provisions	675	-
b. Assets		
Current		
Income tax receivable	509	89
Non-current		
Deferred tax assets comprise:		
■ Provisions	858	1,056
■ Tax losses	511	-
	1,369	1,056
c. Reconciliations of deferred tax		
i. Gross movements		
Opening balance	1,056	904
Carry forward tax losses	511	-
(Charged) / released to income statement	(873)	152
Closing balance	694	1,056
ii. Deferred tax liability		
The movements in deferred tax liability for each temporary difference during the year are as follows:		
Opening balance	-	-
(Charged) / released to income statement	675	-
Closing balance	675	-
iii. Deferred tax asset		
The movements in deferred tax asset for each temporary difference during the year are as follows:		
Opening balance	1,056	904
(Charged) / released to the income statement	(198)	152
Carry forward tax losses	511	1.055
Closing balance	1,369	1,056
d. Unrecognised deferred tax assets		
Deferred tax assets not recognised at the reporting date:		
■ Tax losses (gross)	4,806	4,430
The unrecognised tax losses will not expire.		

28

2,144

Notes to the Financial Statements (cont.)

for the year ended 31 December 2016

Balance at 31 December 2016

in the discount rate

Unwinding of discount and effect of changes

15. Trade and other payables

				Consolida	ited Group
				2016	2015
				\$'000	\$'000
Current				0.000	44.20
Trade and other payables				9,983	11,292
14 Promisions					
l6. Provisions					
				Consolida	
				2016	2015
				\$'000	\$'000
Employee benefits (a)				804	1,033
Provisions for Onerous contracts (b)				24	84
Make Good Provision (c)				931	806
Lease Incentive (d)				385	44
				2,144	2,370
Current					
Employee benefits				675	743
Provisions for Onerous contracts				24	67
Make Good Provision				79	50
Lease Incentive				36	(20
				814	840
Non-current					
Employee benefits				129	290
Provisions for Onerous contracts				-	17
Make Good Provision				852	756
Lease Incentive				349	467
				1,330	1,530
	Employee benefits	Onerous contracts	Make good provision	Lease Incentive	Tota
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Consolidated Group	(a)	(b)	(C)	(d)	
Balance at 1 January 2016	1,033	84	806	447	2,370
Additional provisions recognised	-	-	245	-	24.
Reductions arising from payments / other sacrifices of future economic benefits	(229)	(60)	(62)	(62)	(413
Reductions arising from re-measurement or settlement without cost	-	-	(86)	-	(86

804

for the year ended 31 December 2016

16. Provisions (cont.)

- a. The provision for employee benefits represents annual leave and vested long service leave entitlements accrued and compensation claims made by employees. In calculating the present value of future cash flows in respect of long service leave, the probability of long service leave being taken is based on historical data. The measurement and recognition criteria relating to employee benefits has been included in Note 1 to this report.
- b. The provision for onerous lease contracts represents the present value of the future lease payments that the Consolidated Group is presently obligated to make under non-cancellable onerous operating lease contracts for office premises, less revenue expected to be earned on the lease, including estimated future sub-lease revenue, where applicable. The estimate may vary as a result of changes in the utilisation of the leased premises and sub-lease arrangements where applicable. The economic outflow will occur over the next year. The office premises will not be used by the Consolidated Group and therefore the economic outflow exceeds the economic benefit of the lease contracts.
- c. A Make Good provision is made for the expected cost to restore leased property to its original condition. The provision is based on a best estimate advised by an external property advisor or a pre-agreed contract amount.
- d. During the financial year the Consolidated Group successfully negotiated a number of new leases where the requirement to make good on the previous lease was waived by the lessor. The removal of Make Good requirements that resulted has been treated as a lease incentive in each case and will be treated as a reduction of the rental expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

17. Controlled entities

		Parent Entity	Interest %
	Country of Incorporation	2016	2015
		%	%
Parent Entity			
Ambition Group Limited ¹	Australia	_	_
Controlled Entity			
Ambition Corporate Services Pty Limited ²	Australia	100	100
Ambition Recruit Pty Limited ²	Australia	100	100
Contracting Employment Services Pty Limited ²	Australia	100	100
McGinty Recruitment Pty Limited ²	Australia	100	100
People with Ability Pty Limited ²	Australia	100	100
Watermark Search International Pty Limited ²	Australia	100	100
Ambition Employee Share Managers Pty Limited ³	Australia	50	50
Ambition Employee Share Managers Pty Limited as trustee for ³			
 Ambition Group Deferred Employee Share Plan 	Australia	50	50
 Ambition Group Exempt Employee Share Plan 	Australia	50	50
■ Ambition Loan Plan	Australia	50	50
 Ambition Overseas Employees Share Plan 	Australia	50	50
Ambition Europe Limited	UK	100	100
The Ambition Group Limited	UK	100	100
The Ambition Group Limited	Hong Kong	100	100
Ambition Group Singapore PTE Limited	Singapore	100	100
Ambition Group Malaysia Sdn Bhd ^{3 & 4}	Malaysia	49	49
Ambition Group Japan K.K.	Japan	100	100

for the year ended 31 December 2016

17. Controlled entities (cont.)

- ¹ Ambition Group Limited is the head entity within the tax-consolidated group.
- ² These companies are members of the tax-consolidated group.
- ³ The Consolidated Group has considered the concept of control in AASB 10 and have assessed that they have control over its subsidiaries.
- ⁴ The Consolidated Group owns 49% equity shares of Ambition Group Malaysia Sdn Bhd.

18. Contributed equity

a. Ordinary shares

	Consoli	dated Group
	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
Issued capital		
67,170,954 fully paid ordinary shares (2015: 67,170,954)	47,726	47,726

Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the parent entity in proportion to the number of shares held. The shares have no par value. At the shareholders meetings, each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called, otherwise each shareholder has one vote on a show of hands.

Approval for the issue of securities under the Deferred Employee Share Plan ("DESP") was obtained under ASX Listing Rule 10.1.4.

b. Share Interests

At 31 December 2016, Senior Management held share interests of 6,464,694 ordinary shares in the Company (2015: 6,252,455) and Key Management Personnel held share interests of 1,567,289 ordinary shares in the Company (2015: 1,185,345).

Share interests granted under the Company's employee share incentive plan carry no rights to dividends and no voting rights. Further details of the employee share incentive plan are provided in Note 6.

	Consolid	lated Group
	2016	2015
	No. '000	No. '000
Balance at the beginning of the year	7,438	4,813
Share interests issued during the year	3,076	2,725
Share interests exercised during the year	-	-
Share interests forfeited during the year	(2,482)	(100)
Balance at reporting date	8,032	7,438

for the year ended 31 December 2016

18. Contributed equity (cont.)

c. Treasury shares

	Consolic	lated Group
	2016	2015
	No. '000	No. '000
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,485	1,485
Issued during the year	-	-
Vested during the year	-	-
Balance at reporting date	1,485	1,485

d. Capital management

When managing capital, management's objective is to ensure the entity continues as a going concern as well as to maintain optimal returns to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. During 2016, no interim dividend was paid.

On 28 February 2017, the directors declared a fully franked final dividend of 1c per share to the holders of fully paid ordinary shares in respect of the financial year end 31 December 2016, to be paid to shareholders on 19 May 2017. This dividend was approved by the board of directors on 28 February and has not been included as a liability in these consolidated financial statements. The dividend will be paid to all shareholders on the Register of Members on 8 March 2017 with this date being the Record Date. The total estimated dividend to be paid is \$672,000.

	Consoli	dated Group
	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
Total borrowings	-	-
Total equity	13,013	13,204
Total capital	13,013	13,204
Gearing ratio	0%	0%

The Consolidated Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

19. Retained losses

	Consolida	ated Group
	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at 1 January	(31,801)	(32,922)
Profit attributable to Parent	705	1,121
Dividends paid	(672)	-
Balance at 31 December	(31,768)	(31,801)

for the year ended 31 December 2016

20. Reserves

	Consolidated	
	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
a) Foreign Currency reserve	(3,087)	(2,970)
b) Employee Benefits reserve	563	333
Balance at 31 December	(2,524)	(2,637)
a) Foreign Currency reserve		
Balance at 1 January	(2,970)	(3,279)
Revaluation of foreign subsidary assets and liabilities	(117)	309
Balance at 31 December	(3,087)	(2,970)
b) Employee Benefits reserve		
Balance at 1 January	333	98
Recognition of share based payments	230	235
Shares issued under employee share plans	-	-
Vesting of employee share scheme	-	-
Balance at 31 December	563	333

Equity settled employee benefits reserve is used to record share plan benefit expenses for unvested employee share schemes.

21. Non controlling interests

	Consolida	ted Group
	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at 1 January	(84)	105
Share of (loss) for the year	(353)	(115)
Effect of Foreign Currency	16	(74)
Balance at 31 December	(421)	(84)

for the year ended 31 December 2016

22. Cash flow information

a. Reconciliation of profit for the year to net cash flows from operating activities

	Consolidated (
	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit for the year	352	1,006
 Investment income recognised in profit or loss 	(3)	(14)
■ Income tax (benefit) / expense	(145)	652
Non-cash flows in profit from ordinary activities		
 Amortisation of intangible assets 	328	464
Depreciation	567	321
■ Employee share plan incentive schemes	230	233
Other non cash items	7	(32)
	1,336	2,630
Movements in working capital		
(Increase) in trade debtors	(24)	(1,912)
Decrease / (Increase) in prepayments	25	(203)
Decrease / (Increase) in other debtors	362	(1,996)
(Decrease) / Increase in trade creditors and accruals	(1,309)	3,899
(Decrease) / Increase in provisions	(461)	217
Cash (used in) / generated from operations	(1,407)	3
Tax (Paid)	(709)	(204)
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities	(780)	2,429

b. Credit standby arrangements

The Consolidated Group has a loan facility of \$2 million in Australia and £0.2 million in the United Kingdom. Interest rates are variable and subject to market rates at the time funds are drawn. Both facilities were undrawn at 31 December 2016, at the date of this report and rarely used during the year. The facilities are secured by floating charges over the assets of a number of the Consolidated Group's controlled entities.

for the year ended 31 December 2016

23. Financial risks

a. Financial risk management

The Consolidated Group's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, short-term investments and accounts receivable and payable.

Financial risks

The main risks the Consolidated Group is exposed to through its financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, liquidity risk and credit risk.

i. Interest rate risk

The Consolidated Group's exposure to interest rate risk, which is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates and the effective weighted interest rates on classes of financial assets and financial liabilities is as follows:

	Consolid	Consolidated Group		erest Rate
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000	%	%
Financial assets				
Cash (floating interest)	4,474	6,534	1%	1%

Other financial assets and liabilities are non-interest bearing. The Consolidated Group currently has no bank borrowings and changes in market interest rates are not considered material to the Consolidated Group's cash balance. Therefore a sensitivity analysis has not been performed.

ii. Foreign currency sensitivity

Although the majority of the Consolidated Group's transactions are carried out in Australian Dollars, the Consolidated Group is exposed to fluctuations in foreign currencies to the extent that some of its subsidiaries operate outside of Australia and trade is carried on in the local currency.

To mitigate against the exposure to foreign currency risk, the Consolidated Group's foreign subsidiaries transactions are carried out in local currency and cash inflows and outflows are largely offset to minimise impact of foreign currency translation. As the exposure to foreign currency is minimised no sensitivity analysis has been disclosed. The Consolidated Group does not undertake any hedging activities with regard to day-to-day foreign exchange exposures.

for the year ended 31 December 2016

23. Financial risks (cont.)

iii. Liquidity risk

The Consolidated Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows and ensuring that adequate overdraft and borrowing facilities are maintained. Cash flow forecasts are prepared and actual cash balances and projections are monitored on a weekly basis by management. The Consolidated Group maintains cash and cash equivalents to meet its liquidity requirements and also raises equity when required. Funding for long-term liquidity needs is secured by having an adequate amount of credit facilities in place.

At 31 December 2016, the Consolidated Group's liabilities have contractual maturities which are summarised below:

	Current	1 to 2 yrs	2 to 5 yrs	> than 5 yrs
	2016	2016	2016	2016
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Trade payables	9,983	-	-	-

The above maturities reflect gross cash flows and may differ to carrying values of liabilities at balance date.

iv. Credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk to recognised financial assets (excluding the value of any collateral or other security) at balance date is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for doubtful debts of those assets, as disclosed in the statement of financial position and notes to the financial statements.

The Consolidated Group manages its credit risk by carrying out credit reviews on potential customers and monitoring the risk associated with long standing customers on an annual basis through the use of credit risk reports from external parties. The Consolidated Group continuously manages defaults of customers and reviews latest available market information to identify potential risks of default. It is the Consolidated Group's policy to deal only with creditworthy counterparties.

In respect of trade and other receivables, the Consolidated Group is not exposed to any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or group of counterparties. The credit risk for cash and short-term financial assets is considered negligible since counterparties are reputable banks with high quality credit ratings.

C-----

	Consolida	ated Group
	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
Classes of financial assets-carrying amounts		
Cash and cash equivalents	4,474	6,534
Trade and other receivables	16,786	17,124
	21,260	23,658

for the year ended 31 December 2016

23. Financial risks (cont.)

The Consolidated Group does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single receivable or group of receivables at balance date.

v. Price risk sensitivity

The Consolidated Group is exposed to price risk in respect of its holdings of financial assets. However, only a small number of such assets are held and any price movement would be immaterial to the Consolidated Group. Therefore no price sensitivity analysis has been disclosed.

b. Fair values

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities disclosed in the consolidated statement of financial position have been determined to approximate the carrying amounts in accordance with Note 1 to the Financial Statements. No financial assets and financial liabilities are readily traded on organised markets in standardised form. There are no financial assets which have a carrying amount which exceeds fair values.

24. Operating lease arrangements

Operating leases relate to leases of property. Property leases are non-cancellable and have lease terms of between 1 and 5 years, with options to renew at the lessee's discretion in some instances. Provisions have been made for onerous contracts related to the rental lease of office premises (Note 24 c). These have not been adjusted for in the disclosure of lease commitments.

a. Payments recognised as an expense.

	Consolidated Gro	
	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
Minimum lease payments	3,546	2,876
Contingent rentals	-	-
Sub-lease payments received	(469)	(222)
	3,077	2,654

b. Non-cancellable operating lease commitments contracted for but not capitalised in the accounts.

	Consolida	ted Group
	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
not later than 1 year	3,349	3,481
■ later than 2 years but not later than 5 years	5,609	8,764
■ later than 5 years	-	-
	8,958	12,245

for the year ended 31 December 2016

24. Operating lease arrangements (cont.)

c. Liabilities recognised in respect of non-cancellable operating leases

	Consoli	dated Group
	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
Onerous lease contracts (Note 16)		
■ Current	24	67
■ Non-current	-	17
	24	84
Lease incentives (Note 16)		
■ Current	36	(20)
Non-current	349	467
	385	447

25. Capital expenditure commitments

The Consolidated Group has no capital expenditure commitments at the balance sheet date (2015: Nil).

26. Contingent liabilities

	Consolida	ated Group
	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
Bank guarantees in relation to property leases	972	874

There is a floating charge over the assets of several group companies in relation to a \$2 million bank facility.

The Company has granted a debenture through its UK subsidiary to the UK bank as part of the overdraft facility. The debenture promises to pay back on demand all monies owing to the bank plus interest and charges. The debenture holds a fixed charge over the plant and fixed assets of the UK subsidiary and a floating charge over its other assets.

Litigation

The Consolidated Group has been involved from time to time in various claims and lawsuits incidental to the ordinary course of business. Based on legal advice obtained, other than amounts already provided for in the accounts, the Directors do not expect any material liability to eventuate.

for the year ended 31 December 2016

27. Segment reporting

AASB 8 requires operating segments to be identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to the segment and to assess its performance.

Information reported to the Consolidated Group's Executive Chairman for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of performance is focused on the geographic segments the business operates in.

The Group's reportable segments under AASB 8 are as follows:

- Australia
- Asia
- UK

There have been no changes in the basis of segmentation or basis of segmental profit or loss since the previous financial report. Information regarding these segments is presented below. The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Consolidated Group's accounting policies described in Note 1.

Segment revenue and results	Reve	Revenue ¹		ofit / (loss)	
	Year e	Year ended		ear ended	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Continuing operations					
Australia	84,933	77,351	2,233	2,851	
Asia	20,868	17,966	(658)	116	
UK	9,470	11,926	407	295	
Investment income			3	14	
Corporate overheads unallocated			(1,778)	(1,618)	
Profit before tax			207	1,658	

¹ The revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment sales during the year. The policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Consolidated Group's accounting policies described in Note 1.

Other segment information	Depreciation and amortisation			Non-current assets	
		Year ended		Year ended	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Continuing operations					
Australia	463	270	719	793	
Asia	380	289	945	1,052	
UK	52	226	202	176	
Total	895	785	1,866	2,021	

for the year ended 31 December 2016

27. Segment reporting (cont.)

Segment assets and liabilities	Consolidated Group	
	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
Segment assets		
Australia	13,970	16,206
Asia	9,492	8,477
UK	2,353	2,977
Total segment assets	25,815	27,660
Group		-
Consolidated total assets	25,815	27,660
Segment liabilities		
Australia	8,185	9,243
Asia	2,292	2,664
UK	2,325	2,549
Total segment liabilities	12,802	14,456
Group		-
Consolidated total liabilities	12,802	14,456

All assets are allocated to reportable segments.

28. Related party transactions

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated. Balances owing are unsecured.

	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
Group Management Fees owed by subsidiaries to the parent entity	410	489

Remuneration paid to Directors has been included in Note 29.

for the year ended 31 December 2016

29. Key Management Personnel compensation

The aggregate compensation made to Key Management Personnel of the Group is set out below:

	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
Short-term employee benefits	771	854
Post-employment benefits	48	51
Share-based payment	-	-
Termination benefits	-	17
	819	922

30. Subsequent events

There has not been any matter or circumstance occurring subsequent to the end of the financial year that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company in future financial years.

for the year ended 31 December 2016

31. Parent Entity Financial Statements

The accounting policies of the parent entity, which have been applied in determining the financial information shown below, are the same as those applied in the consolidated financial statements. Refer to Note 1 for a summary of the significant accounting policies relating to the Consolidated Group.

Darant Entity

Financial Position

as at 31 December

	ŀ	Parent Entity
	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
Assets		
Current assets	265	265
Non-current assets	16,506	16,637
Total assets	16,771	16,902
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	-	-
Non-current liabilities	-	-
Total liabilities	-	-
Equity		
Issued Capital	49,570	49,570
Reserves	234	103
Retained losses	(33,033)	(32,771)
Total equity	16,771	16,902
Financial performance		Year ended
	2016	2015
	\$'000	\$'000
Profit for the year	410	489
Other comprehensive income		-
Total comprehensive income	410	489

The parent entity is the named company on the bank guarantees disclosed in Note 26. ANZ Bank holds a cross guarantee for the parent and all subsidiaries as security for the bank guarantees and other bank facilities.

Directors' Declaration

The Directors of the Company declare that:

- 1. In the Directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable;
- 2. In the Directors' opinion, the attached financial statements and notes thereto are in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as stated in Note 1(a) to the financial statements; and
- 3. In the Directors' opinion, the attached financial statements and notes thereto, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including compliance with accounting standards and giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the consolidated entity; and:
- 4. The Directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors made pursuant to s.295 (5) of the Corporations Act 2001. On behalf of the Directors.

Nick Waterworth

Executive Chairman 28 February 2017

Independent Auditor's Report



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Members of Ambition Group Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Ambition Group Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2016, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2016 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Independent Auditor's Report (cont.)



Key Audit Matter

How our audit addressed this matter

Recognition of Revenue

Refer to Note 2 in the financial statements

For permanent placement revenue, there is a risk around the timing of the recognition of revenue as a contract may be agreed with a client and a candidate several months in advance of the start of employment. There is a risk that the placement will not be taken up as agreed, which would result in the reversal of previously recorded revenue. A provision is made for placements expected to be cancelled prior to the start date on the basis of past experience. The application of this policy involves a significant degree of management judgment.

Temporary placement revenue is recognised over the period that temporary workers are provided. There is a risk around year end cut-off when an accrual is recorded for days worked prior to submission of the weekly timesheets.

We have:

- Assessed the design and implementation and tested the operating effectiveness of management's key controls over all streams of revenue recognised in the financial statements;
- Selected samples of temporary and permanent revenue transactions to verify that revenue that has been recognised occurred, and was recorded at the correct value in the in the correct period by inspection of candidate acceptances and time sheets submitted; and
- Assessed the level of provision recorded at the year end against the historical average of cancellations on a monthly basis during the current and prior years. We also evaluated actual back outs since the year.

Debtor and accrued income recoverability

Refer to Note 1r in the financial statements

Whilst historically the recoverability of trade receivables and accrued income has not been a significant issue in the past, there is significant management judgment in estimating the appropriate level of any provision due to the number of smaller balances from a large number of customers.

The Group's policy is to recognise a provision on the basis on anticipated cash flows, the nature of the counter party, past due amounts and geographical location.

We have:

- Assessed the design and implementation of management's key controls over the monitoring of recoverability;
- Challenged management's assumptions regarding the level provisioning against the ageing of receivables and accrued income along with consistency and appropriateness of provisioning, with reference to subsequent cash received in respect of debtors and subsequent invoicing for accrued revenue.
- Critically assessed the recoverability of overdue debts, including those which have been and have not been provided against.

Independent Auditor's Report (cont.)



Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2016, but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: http://www.auasb.gov.au/Pronouncements/Australian-Auditing-Standards/Auditors-Responsibilities.aspx. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Independent Auditor's Report (cont.)



Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in 16 to 20 of the directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2016.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Ambition Group Limited, for the year ended 31 December 2016, complies with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

David Talbot

Partner

RSM Australia Sydney 28 February 2017

Market

Additional Information

1. Shareholdings

a. Distribution of security holders numbers (as at 24 February 2016)

Category (size of holding)	1-1000	1,001-5,000	5,001-10,000	10,001-100,000	100,001 and over
Number of security holders	83	150	44	100	60

b. The number of shareholders holding less than a marketable parcel is 184 (2015: 164).

c. Names of the substantial shareholders listed on the Company's register (as at 24 February 2016) Number

Mr Victor John Plummer and associates	20,972,535
Nicholas Waterworth and associates	13,607,571
Paul Young and associates	4,233,197
Dixson Trust Pty Ltd	4,155,260

d. Voting rights

At a general meeting, every shareholder present in person or by proxy, attorney or representative has one vote on a show of hands and on a poll, one vote for each fully paid share held.

e. Twenty largest ordinary shareholders (as at 24 February 2016)	Number	%
Ego Pty Limited	14,767,702	21.99
Little Acorns Investments Pty Ltd <waterworth a="" c="" disc="" family=""></waterworth>	8,436,774	12.56
Dixson Trust Pty Limited	4,155,260	6.19
Kirby Design Consultants Pty Ltd	2,963,623	4.41
Clapsy Pty Limited <baron a="" c="" fund="" super=""></baron>	2,311,822	3.44
Mr Victor John Plummer	2,204,833	3.28
2Invest Pty Ltd <2Invest Superannuation A/C>	2,125,039	3.16
Ego Pty Limited + C/- V J Plummer	2,000,000	2.98
Ego Pty Limited	2,000,000	2.98
Mr John Hamilton Aboud + Mrs Livia Maria Aboud < John Aboud Super Fund A/C>	1,756,050	2.61
Aet Sfs Pty Ltd <ambition a="" c="" unallocated=""></ambition>	1,484,623	2.21
Mr John Charles Plummer	1,445,372	2.15
Mr Andrew John Winterburgh	1,282,199	1.91
Clapsy Pty Ltd <baron a="" c="" fund="" super=""></baron>	1,020,000	1.52
Agrico Pty Ltd <palm a="" c="" fund="" super=""></palm>	933,274	1.39
P & L Lyons Investments Pty Limited <lyons ac="" fund="" superannuation=""></lyons>	923,445	1.37
Pethol (Vic) Pty Ltd <macdy 5="" a="" c="" fund="" no="" super=""></macdy>	909,280	1.35
Mr Edward James Dally + Mrs Selina Dally <e a="" c="" dally="" fund="" j="" super=""></e>	633,595	0.94
Mr Geoffrey Allan Hickin	602,694	0.90
Ms Cathy Doyle	600,000	0.89
	52,555,585	78.24

Corporate Directory

Websites

www.ambitiongrouplimited.com www.ambition.com.au www.ambition.com.hk www.ambition.com.sg www.ambition.co.uk www.ambition.com.my www.accountability.com.au www.watermarksearch.com.au

Share Registry Computershare Investor Services Pty Ltd Level 5 115 Grenfell Street Adelaide SA 5000

Stock Exchange Listing Ambition Group Limited is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange ASX code: AMB

> **Ambition Group Limited** and its Controlled Entities ABN 31 089 183 362



BUILDING BETTER FUTURES.

Ambition Group Limited

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